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Disclosure under Basel III as on Ashwin end 2082

Capital Adequacy Framework, 2015 requires making a set of disclosure on the capital adequacy & risk management framework of the bank. Disclosure requirement based on Financial Statement as on Ashwin end 2082 are as follows.

A. Capital Structure & Capital Adequacy

Tier 1 Capital [Core Capital (CET 1 + AT 1)] and Breakdown of its Components

SN	Particulars	NPR in 000's	
(A) T	(A) Tier 1 Capital [Core Capital (CET 1 + AT 1)]		
a	Paid up Equity Share Capital	4,875,702	
ь	Share Premium		
c	Statutory General Reserves	1,362,906	
d	Retained Earnings	680,460	
e	Un-audited current year cumulative profit/(loss)	16,018	
f	Capital Redemption Reserve		
g	Capital Adjustment Reserve		
h	Dividend Equalization Reserves		
i	Other Free Reserve		
j	Less: Goodwill		
k	Less: Deferred Tax Assets		
1	Less: Fictitious Assets	18,802	
m	Less: Investment in equity in licensed Financial Institutions		
n	Less: Investment in equity of institutions with financial interests		
0	Less: Investment in equity of institutions in excess of limits		
р	Less: Investments arising out of underwriting commitments		
q	Less: Reciprocal crossholdings		
r	Less: Purchase of land & building in excess of limit and unutilized	33,017	
S	Less: Other Deductions		
	Total Tier 1 Capital	6,883,267	

2. Tier 2 Capital and Breakdown of its Components:

SN	Particulars	NPR in 000's
a	Cumulative and/or Redeemable Preference Share	
Ъ	Subordinated Term Debt	1000,000
c	Hybrid Capital Instruments	
d	Stock Premium	
e	General Loan Loss Provision	703,696
f	Exchange Equalization Reserve	453
g	Investment Adjustment Reserve	2,500
	Accrued Interest Receivable on pass loan included in Regulatory	
h	Reserve	147,929
i	Interest Capitalized Reserve included in Regulatory Reserve	-
i	Other Reserves	40,752
	Total Tier 2 Capital	1,895,330





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3 Total Qualifying Capital

SN	Particulars	NPR in 000's
1	Tier 1 Capital [Core Capital]	6,883,267
2	Tier 2 Capital [Supplementary Capital]	1,895,330
	Total Capital Fund	8,778,597

4 Capital Adequacy Ratio

SN	Particulars	Percentage
1	Tier I Capital to RWE	11.15%
2	Total Capital to RWE	14.22%

5. Summary of the terms, conditions and main features of all capital instruments, especially in case of subordinated term debts including hybrid capital instruments.

The bank has issued 10,00,000 debentures at NPR 1,000.00 per unit for the ourpose of Supplementary Capital Calculation.

6. Summary of Bank's internal approach to assess the adequacy of capital to support current and future activities

The Bank has formulated Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process ('ICAAP') which has a sound and comprehensive policy and process for evaluating the Bank's capital including the overall risk profile, business projections and capital management strategies. It covers the capital management policy of the Bank, set out the process for assessment of the adequacy of capital to meet regulatory requirements support current and future activities and meet the Pillar I and material Pillar II risks to which the bank is exposed to.

The Risk Management Policy of the Bank provides the comprehensive stress testing guidelines for credit, market, liquidity and other risk faced by the Bank. Stress testing takes into account extreme but probable scenarios to assess the bank's resilience to adverse circumstances and resultant impact on the Bank's risk profile and capital position. This ensures that the bank has robust and forward-looking capital planning and risk management process. Scenario assessment such as the fall in the financial markets, a falling trend in the asset's quality, volatile liquidity condition, negative changes in macroeconomic factors etc., are taken into consideration while carrying out the stress testing.

B. Risk Exposures

Risk weighted exposures for Credit Risk, Market Risk and Operational Risk

SN	Particulars Particulars	NPR in 000's
1	Risk Weighted Exposure for Credit Risk	56,295,714
2	Risk Weighted Exposure for Operational Risk	3,702,811
3	Risk Weighted Exposure for Market Risk	437
	Total Risk Weighted Exposures before Pillar II adjustment	59,998,962





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56,295,714

Risk Weighted Exposures under each 11 categories of Credit

Risk: SN **Particulars** NPR in 000's 1 Claims on Government & Central Bank 2 Claims on Other Official Entities 3 Claims on Domestic Banks 533,827 4 Claims on Domestic Corporates 29,708,619 5 Claims on Regulatory Retail Portfolio 11,375,353 Claims secured by Residential Properties 2,785,053 6 Claims secured by Residential Properties (overdue) 7 385,638 8 Claims secured by Commercial Real Estate 1,357,275 Past due claims (except for claims secured by residential 9 properties) 37,792 10 High Risk Claims 3,040,511 Real Estate loans for land acquisition and development (Other than mentioned in Capital Adequacy framework 2015-point 11 3.3(i)(1)(k)172,293 12 Lending against Shares 2,364,180 Real Estate loans for land acquisition and development (For institutions/projects registered/licensed and approved by Government of Nepal for land acquisition and development purposes) 13 1,700,413 14 Personal Hire purchase/Personal Auto Loans 246,848 Investments in equity and other capital instruments of institutions listed in stock exchange 15 429,296 Investments in equity and other capital instruments of institutions not listed in the stock exchange 16 93,619 Staff loan secured by residential property 268,521 17 Interest Receivable/claim on government securities 18 Other Assets 1,410,700 10 Off Balance- Sheet Items 385,776

Types of eligible credit risk Mitigant used and the benefits availed under CRM.

Total Credit Risk Weighted Exposures

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SN	Particulars	NPR in 000's	
1	Deposits with Banks	275,734	
2	Deposits with other banks/financial institutions		
4	Gold		
5	Government and NRB Securities		
6	Guarantee of Government of Nepal		
7	Securities/Guarantee of other Sovereigns		
8	Guarantee of Domestic Banks		
9	Guarantee of Multilateral Development Banks		
10	Guarantee of Foreign Banks		
	Total Credit Risk Mitigant	275,734	





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Total Risk Weighted Exposure calculation table:

SN	Particulars Particulars	NPR in 000's
i.	Risk Weighted Exposure for Credit Risk	56,295,714
ii.	Risk Weighted Exposure for Operational Risk	3,702,811
iii.	Risk Weighted Exposure for Market Risk	437
iv.	Adjustments under Pillar II:	
	For Operational Risk	
	Add RWE equivalent to reciprocal of capital charge of 2% of	551,909
	gross income	
	Overall risk management policies and procedures are not	1,199,979
	satisfactory. Add 2% of RWE	
	Total Risk Weighted Exposure	61,750,850

5. Amount of Non-Performing Assets (both Gross and Net)

SN	Particulars	Gross (in 000's)	Net (in 000's)
i	Re-structure & Reschedule		
ii	Substandard	781,005	589,003
iii	Doubtful	818,993	412,860
iv	Bad	1,219,722	6,210
	Total Non-Performing Assets	2,819,720	1,008,073

6. NPA Ratios

SN	Particulars	Percent
i.	Gross NPA to Gross Loan & Advances	4.61
ii.	Net NPA to Net Loan & Advances	1.72

7. Movement of Non-Performing Assets

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SN	Particulars	This Quarter	Last Quarter	Change
i.	Non-Performing Assets (In amt)	2,819,720	2,536,081	283,639
ii.	Non-Performing Assets (In %)	4.61	4.24	0.37

8. Write off of Loan and Interest Suspense

SN	Particulars	NPR in 000's
i.	Loan written off during the reporting period	
ii.	Interest written off during the reporting period	
	Total amount written off	

9. Movement in the Loan Loss Provisions and Interest Suspense.

SN	Particulars	This Quarter Year	Last Quarter Year	Change
i.	Loan Loss Provisions	2,685,879	2,530,496	155,383
ii.	Interest Suspense Loan & Advance	825,287	500,016	325,271





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10. Details of Additional Loan Loss Provisions

SN	Particulars	NPR in 000's
i.	Provisioning for Pass Loans	495,763
ii.	Provisioning for Watch list Loans	378,467
iii.	Provisioning for Restructured/Rescheduled Loans	
iv.	Provisioning for Sub-standard Loans	192,002
v.	Provisioning for Doubtful Loans	406132
vi	Provisioning for Bad Loans	1,213,512
vii	others if any	
	Total amount of additional loan loss provision	2,685,576

11. Segregation of Investment Portfolio into held for trading, Held to Maturity & Available for Sale.

SN	Particulars	NPR in 000's
i.	Held for Trading	-
ii.	Held to Maturity	14,981,428
iii.	Available for sale	602,127
	Total Investment	15,583,555

C. Risk Management Function

1. Risk management in the bank includes risk identification, measurement and assessment, and its objective is to minimize negative effects that risks can have on the financial result and capital of a Bank. Risk management strategies include the transfer of risk, avoidance of risk, reduction of the negative effect of the risk and acceptance of the consequences of a particular risk. The design of a risk management system depends among other things, on its size, capital structure, complexity of functions, technical expertise, and quality of Management Information System (MIS) and is structured to address both banking as well as non-banking risks to maximize shareholders' value.

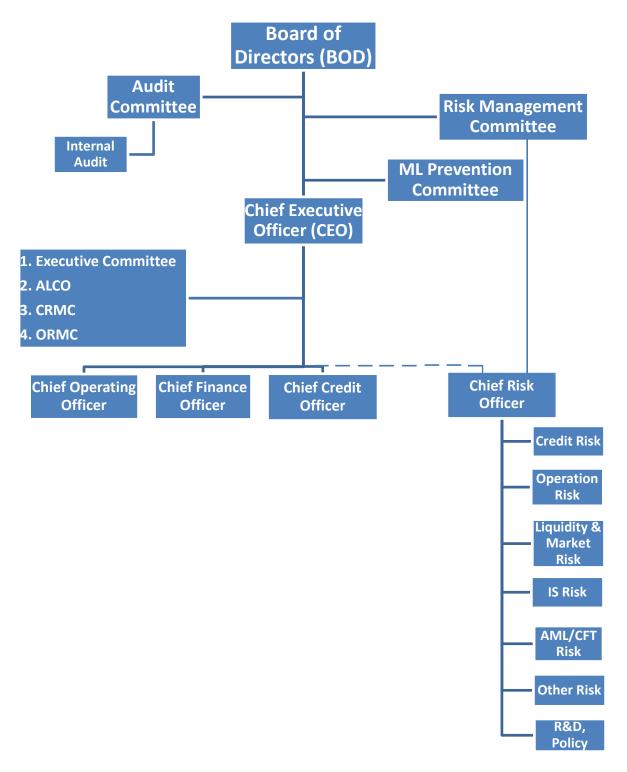
The Bank follows the following internal structure for effective Risk Management:





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Risk Governance Structure



The bank under the direction and oversight of the Board adopts the Risk Management Policy to ensure business strategies, profitability and financial stability are inconsistent with the Bank's strategies and risk appetite. The Bank separately reviews the credit risk,





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operation risk and market risk to ensure that the Bank operate within the risk appetite expressed by the Risk Management Framework.

2 Risk Management Techniques

The Bank adopts the following techniques for these specific types of the risks:

i. Credit Risk

The Bank exercises the following techniques in assessing the credit risk:

- Strict adherence to Board approved policies
- Independent review of credit proposals by Business Development Officers and Risk Management Department
- Well-defined delegated authority levels.
- Effective observance to post disbursal credit risk management techniques.

ii. Operational Risk

The Bank has developed a framework for managing operational risk and evaluating the adequacy of capital covering the bank's appetite and tolerance for operational risk, as specified through the policies for managing this risk, including the extent and manner in which operational risk is transferred outside the bank. It also includes policies outlining the bank's approach to identifying, assessing, monitoring and controlling/mitigating the risk.

iii. Liquidity Risk

The objective of liquidity management is to ensure that bank has sufficient funds to meet its contractual and regulatory financial obligations at all times. Basically, the Bank adopts the following norms for liquidity risk management:

- Strict adherence to Basel III and NRB requirement to maintain the liquidity ratios
- Keeping the close eye on the banking and economic scenario.

iv. Foreign Exchange Rate Risk

The following norms are adopted by the bank to manage the exchange rate risk:

- Maintenance of the Net Open Position within the threshold expressed by the Liquidity Management Framework.
- Frequent monitoring of Open positions basis and analysis of the gains/losses.

v. Interest Rate Risk

The following norms are adopted by the bank to manage the interest rate risk:

- Effective cost benefit analysis for the product development
- Regular Net Interest Margin and Credit to Deposit Ratio monitoring
- Gap analysis to check the measures for the mismatches between rate sensitive liabilities and rate sensitive assets.

vi. Capital Risk

The following norms are adopted by the bank to manage the capital risk:

- Meeting the regulatory capital requirements
- Monthly computation of Capital Adequacy Ratios under normal and stress conditions.